

## **SECTION 260923 - LIGHTING CONTROL DEVICES**

Latest Update: 5-6-2017 See underlined text for Edits.

(Engineer shall edit specifications and blue text in header to meet project requirements. This includes but is not limited to updating Equipment and/or Material Model Numbers indicated in the specifications and adding any additional specifications that may be required by the project. Also turn off all "Underlines".)

### **PART 1 - GENERAL**

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this section and all other sections of Division 26.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following lighting control devices:
  - 1. Time switches.
  - 2. Outdoor and indoor photoelectric switches.
  - 3. Indoor occupancy sensors.
  - 4. Outdoor motion sensors.
  - 5. Lighting contactors.
  - 6. Emergency shunt relays.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. LED: Light-emitting diode.
- B. PIR: Passive infrared.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show installation details for occupancy and light-level sensors.
  - 1. Interconnection diagrams showing field-installed wiring.
- C. Field quality-control test reports.

- D. Operation and Maintenance Data: For each type of product to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

## 1.6 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of ceiling-mounted devices with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, smoke detectors, fire-suppression system, and partition assemblies.

## 1.7 WARRANTY/GUARANTEE

- A. See Division 26 Specification Section “Basic Electrical Requirements’ for warranty and guarantee requirements.

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### 2.1 TIME SWITCHES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one (1) of the manufacturers specified.
1. Area Lighting Research, Inc.; Tyco Electronics.
  2. Leviton Mfg. Company Inc.
  3. Square D; Schneider Electric.
  4. TORK.
  5. Watt Stopper (The).
- B. Electronic Time Switches: Electronic, solid-state programmable units with alphanumeric display; complying with UL 917.
1. Contact Configuration: [SPST] [DPST] [DPDT]
  2. Contact Rating: [30-A inductive or resistive, 240-V ac] [20-A ballast load, 120/240-V ac].
  3. Program: **<Insert configuration>** and an annual holiday schedule that overrides the weekly operation on holidays.

4. Circuitry: Allow connection of a photoelectric relay as substitute for on-off function of a program on selected channels.
5. Astronomic Time: All channels.
6. Battery Backup: For schedules and time clock.

## 2.2 OUTDOOR PHOTOELECTRIC SWITCHES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one (1) of the manufacturers specified:
1. Area Lighting Research, Inc.; Tyco Electronics.
  2. Intermatic, Inc.
  3. Paragon Electric Co.; Invensys Climate Controls.
  4. TORK.
  5. Watt Stopper (The).
- B. Description: Solid state, with [SPST] [DPST] dry contacts rated for [1800-VA tungsten or 1000-VA inductive], to operate connected relay, contactor coils, or microprocessor input; complying with UL 773A.
1. Light-Level Monitoring Range: 1.5 to 10 fc, with an adjustment for turn-on and turn-off levels within that range, and a directional lens in front of photocell to prevent fixed light sources from causing turn-off.
  2. Time Delay: 15-second minimum, to prevent false operation.
  3. Surge Protection: Metal-oxide varistor, complying with IEEE C62.41.1, IEEE C62.41.2, and IEEE 62.45 for Category A1 locations.
  4. Mounting: Twist lock complying with IEEE C136.10, with base-and-stem mounting or stem-and-swivel mounting accessories as required to direct sensor to the north sky exposure.

## 2.3 INDOOR PHOTOELECTRIC SWITCHES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one (1) of the manufacturers specified:
1. Area Lighting Research, Inc.; Tyco Electronics.
  2. Intermatic, Inc.
  3. MicroLite Lighting Control Systems.
  4. Paragon Electric Co.; Invensys Climate Controls.
  5. TORK.
  6. Watt Stopper (The).
- B. Ceiling-Mounted Photoelectric Switch: Solid-state, light-level sensor unit, with separate relay unit, to detect changes in lighting levels that are perceived by the eye. Cadmium sulfide photoresistors are not acceptable.

1. Sensor Output: Contacts rated to operate the associated relay, complying with UL 773A. Sensor shall be powered from the relay unit.
  2. Relay Unit: Dry contacts rated for 20-A ballast load at 120- and 277-V ac, for 13-A tungsten at 120-V ac, and for 1 hp at 120-V ac. Power supply to sensor shall be 24-V dc, 150-mA, Class 2 power source as defined by NFPA 70.
  3. Light-Level Monitoring Range: Ten (10) fc to two hundred (200) fc, with an adjustment for turn-on and turn-off levels within that range.
  4. Time Delay: Adjustable from five (5) seconds to three hundred (300) seconds to prevent cycling, with dead band adjustment.
  5. Indicator: Two (2) LEDs to indicate the beginning of on-off cycles.
- C. Skylight Photoelectric Sensors: Solid-state, light-level sensor; housed in a threaded, plastic fitting for mounting under skylight, facing up at skylight; with separate relay unit, to detect changes in lighting levels that are perceived by the eye. Cadmium sulfide photoresistors are not acceptable.
1. Sensor Output: Contacts rated to operate the associated relay, complying with UL 773A. Sensor shall be powered from the relay unit.
  2. Relay Unit: Dry contacts rated for 20-A ballast load at 120- and 277-V ac, for 13-A tungsten at 120-V ac, and for 1 hp at 120-V ac. Power supply to sensor shall be 24-V dc, 150-mA, Class 2 power source as defined by NFPA 70.
  3. Light-Level Monitoring Range: One thousand (1,000) fc to ten thousand (10,000) fc, with an adjustment for turn-on and turn-off levels within that range.
  4. Time Delay: Adjustable from five (5) seconds to three hundred (300) seconds to prevent cycling, with deadband adjustment.
  5. Indicator: Two (2) LEDs to indicate the beginning of on-off cycles.

## 2.4 INDOOR OCCUPANCY SENSORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one (1) of the manufacturers specified:
1. Hubbell Lighting.
  2. Leviton Mfg. Company Inc.
  3. Lithonia Lighting; Acuity Lighting Group, Inc.
  4. Novitas, Inc.
  5. RAB Lighting, Inc.
  6. Sensor Switch, Inc.
  7. TORK.
  8. Watt Stopper (The).
- B. General Description: Wall- or ceiling-mounting mounted, solid-state units with a separate relay unit.

1. Operation: Unless otherwise indicated, turn lights on when covered area is occupied and off when unoccupied; with a time delay for turning lights off, adjustable over a minimum range of one (1) minute to fifteen (15) minutes.
  2. Sensor Output: Contacts rated to operate the connected relay, complying with UL 773A. Sensor shall be powered from the relay unit.
  3. Relay Unit: Dry contacts rated for 20-A ballast load at 120- and 277-V ac, for 13-tungsten at 120-V ac, and for 1 hp at 120-V ac. Power supply to sensor shall be 24-V dc, 150-mA, and Class 2 power source as defined by NFPA 70.
  4. Mounting:
    - a. Sensor: Suitable for mounting in any position on a standard outlet box.
    - b. Relay: Externally mounted through a one half (1/2) inch knockout in a standard electrical enclosure.
    - c. Time-Delay and Sensitivity Adjustments: Recessed and concealed behind hinged door.
  5. Indicator: LED, to show when motion is being detected during testing and normal operation of the sensor.
  6. Bypass Switch: Override the on function in case of sensor failure.
  7. Automatic Light-Level Sensor: Adjustable from two (2) fc to two hundred (200) fc; keep lighting off when selected lighting level is present.
- C. Dual-Technology Type: Ceiling mounting; detect occupancy by using a combination of PIR and ultrasonic detection methods in area of coverage. Particular technology or combination of technologies that controls on-off functions shall be selectable in the field by operating controls on unit.
1. Sensitivity Adjustment: Separate for each sensing technology.
  2. Detector Sensitivity: Detect occurrences of six (6) inch minimum movement of any portion of a human body that presents a target of not less than thirty six (36) sq. in., and detect a person of average size and weight moving not less than twelve (12) inches in either a horizontal or a vertical manner at an approximate speed of twelve (12) inches.
  3. Detection Coverage (Standard Room): Detect occupancy anywhere within a circular area of one thousand (1,000) sq. ft. when mounted on a ninety six (96) inch high ceiling.

## 2.5 OUTDOOR MOTION SENSORS (PIR)

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one (1) of the manufacturers specified:
1. Hubbell Lighting
  2. Paragon Electric Co.; Invensys Climate Controls.
  3. TORK.

4. Watt Stopper (The).
- B. Performance Requirements: Suitable for operation in ambient temperatures ranging from minus 40°F to plus 130°F, rated as raintight according to UL 773A.
1. Operation: Turn lights on when sensing infrared energy changes between background and moving body in area of coverage; with a time delay for turning lights off, adjustable over a minimum range of one (1) minute to fifteen (15) minutes.
  2. Mounting:
    - a. Sensor: Suitable for mounting in any position on a standard outdoor junction box.
    - b. Relay: Internally mounted in a standard weatherproof electrical enclosure.
    - c. Time-Delay and Sensitivity Adjustments: Recessed and concealed behind hinged door.
  3. Bypass Switch: Override the on function in case of sensor failure.
  4. Automatic Light-Level Sensor: Adjustable from one (1) fc to twenty (20) fc; keep lighting off during daylight hours.
- C. Detector Sensitivity: Detect occurrences of six (6) inch minimum movement of any portion of a human body that presents a target of not less than thirty six (36) sq. inches.
- D. Detection Coverage: [Up to 35 feet, with a field of view of 90 degrees] [Up to 100 feet, with a field of view of 60 degrees] [Up to 35 feet, with a field of view of 180 degrees] [Up to 52.5 feet, with a field of view of 270 degrees] <Insert coverage area>.
- E. Individually Mounted Sensor: Contacts rated to operate the connected relay, complying with UL 773A. Sensor shall be powered from the relay unit.
1. Relay Unit: Dry contacts rated for 20-A ballast load at 120- and 277-V ac, for 13-A tungsten at 120-V ac, and for 1 hp at 120-V ac. Power supply to sensor shall be 24-V dc, 150-mA, Class 2 power source as defined by NFPA 70.
  2. Indicator: LED, to show when motion is being detected during testing and normal operation of the sensor.

## 2.6 LIGHTING CONTACTORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one (1) of the manufacturers specified:
1. ASCO Power Technologies, LP; a division of Emerson Electric Co.
  2. Eaton Electrical Inc.; Cutler-Hammer Products.
  3. Hubbell Lighting.
  4. MicroLite Lighting Control Systems.

5. Square D; Schneider Electric.
6. TORK.
7. Touch-Plate, Inc.
8. Watt Stopper (The).

B. Description: Electrically operated and mechanically held, combination type with [fusible switch] [nonfused disconnect] <Insert switch or disconnect>, complying with NEMA ICS 2 and UL 508.

1. Current Rating for Switching: Listing or rating consistent with type of load served, including tungsten filament, inductive, and high-inrush ballast (ballast with 15% or less total harmonic distortion of normal load current).
2. Fault Current Withstand Rating: Equal to or exceeding the available fault current at the point of installation.
3. Enclosure: Comply with NEMA 250.
4. Provide with control and pilot devices as indicated on Drawings, matching the NEMA type specified for the enclosure.

C. BAS Interface: Provide hardware interface to enable the BAS to monitor and control lighting contactors.

1. Monitoring: On-off status, <Insert monitoring point>.
2. Control: On-off operation, <Insert control point>.

## 2.7 EMERGENCY SHUNT RELAY

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one (1) of the manufacturers specified:

1. Lighting Control and Design, Inc.
2. Nine 24, Inc.
3. Watt Stopper / Legrand

B. Description: Normally closed, electrically held relay, arranged for wiring in parallel with manual [or automatic] switching contacts; complying with UL 924.

1. Coil Rating: 120 and/or 277 V.

## 2.8 CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

A. Power Wiring to Supply Side of Remote-Control Power Sources: Not smaller than No. 12 AWG. Comply with requirements in Division 26 Section "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."

- B. Classes 2 and 3 Control Cable: Multiconductor cable with stranded-copper conductors not smaller than No. 18 AWG. Comply with requirements in Division 26 Section "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."
- C. Class 1 Control Cable: Multiconductor cable with stranded-copper conductors not smaller than No. 14 AWG. Comply with requirements in Division 26 Section "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### **3.1 SENSOR INSTALLATION**

- A. Install and aim sensors in locations to achieve not less than 90% coverage of areas indicated. Do not exceed coverage limits specified in manufacturer's written instructions.

#### **3.2 CONTACTOR INSTALLATION**

- A. Mount electrically held lighting contactors with elastomeric isolator pads, to eliminate structure-borne vibration, unless contactors are installed in an enclosure with factory-installed vibration isolators.

#### **3.3 WIRING INSTALLATION**

- A. Wiring Method: Comply with Division 26 Section "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables." Minimum conduit size shall be.
- B. Wiring within Enclosures: Comply with NECA 1. Separate power-limited and nonpower-limited conductors according to conductor manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Size conductors according to lighting control device manufacturer's written instructions, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Splices, Taps, and Terminations: Make connections only on numbered terminal strips in junction, pull, and outlet boxes; terminal cabinets; and equipment enclosures.

#### **3.4 IDENTIFICATION**

- A. Identify components and power and control wiring according to Division 26 Section "Identification for Electrical Systems."
  - 1. Identify controlled circuits in lighting contactors.
  - 2. Identify circuits or luminaires controlled by photoelectric and occupancy sensors at each sensor.



- B. Label time switches and contactors with a unique designation.

### 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:
  - 1. After installing time switches and sensors, and after electrical circuitry has been energized, adjust and test for compliance with requirements.
  - 2. Operational Test: Verify operation of each lighting control device, and adjust time delays.
- B. Lighting control devices that fail tests and inspections are defective work.

### 3.6 ADJUSTING

- A. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within twelve (12) months of date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting sensors to suit occupied conditions. Provide up to two visits to Project during other-than-normal occupancy hours for this purpose.

### 3.7 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Coordinate demonstration of products specified in this Section with demonstration requirements for low-voltage, programmable lighting control system specified in Division 26 Section "Network Lighting Controls."
- B. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain lighting control devices. Refer to Division 01 Section "Demonstration and Training."

END OF SECTION 260923